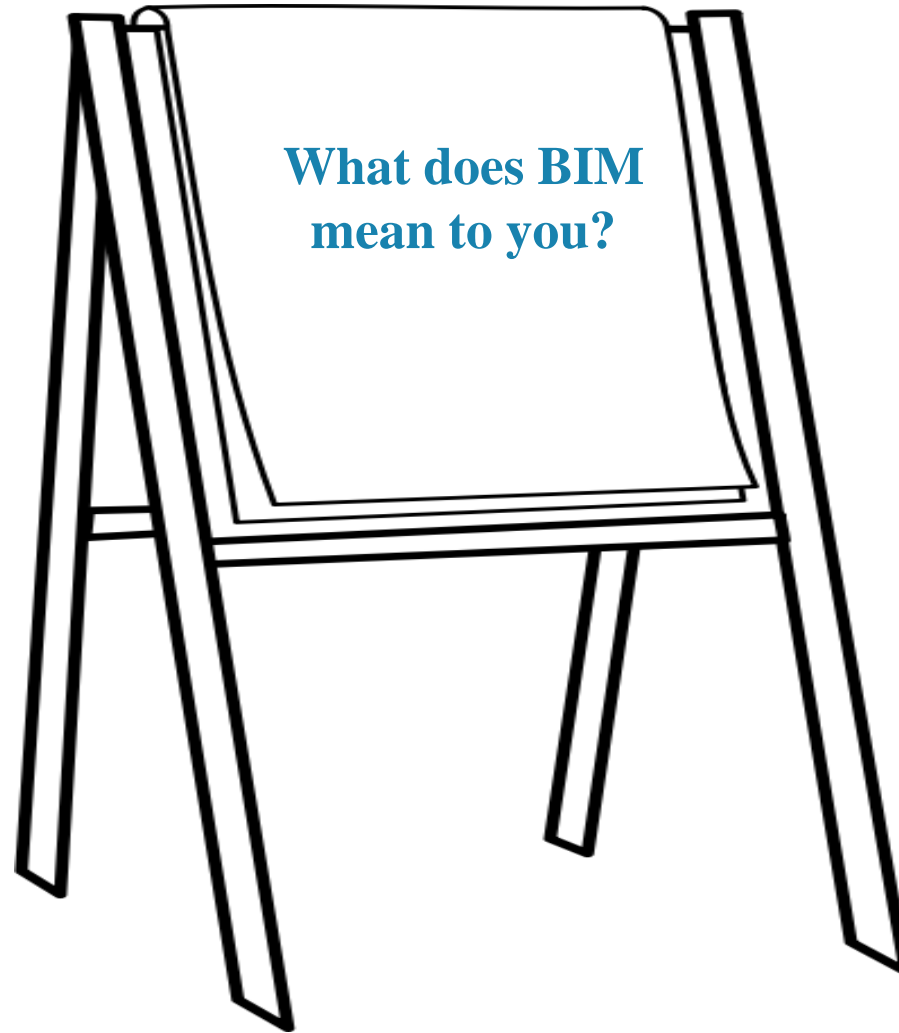


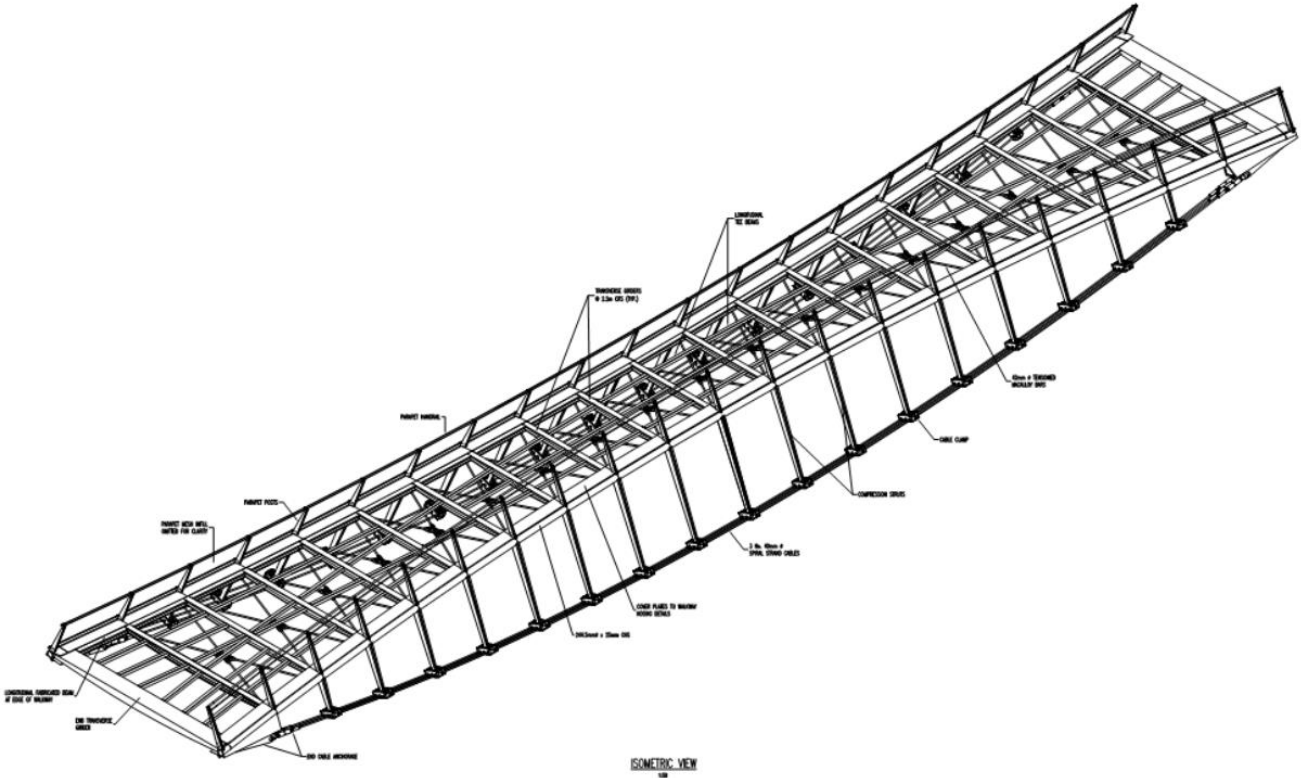
BIM In Infrastructure - Challenges & Solutions



BIM In Infrastructure – Challenges & Solutions



BIM In Infrastructure – Challenges & Solutions



Definition of BIM

✗ BIM is a software

✗ BIM is a 3D model

BIM saves time and money

✗

✓ BIM is a process

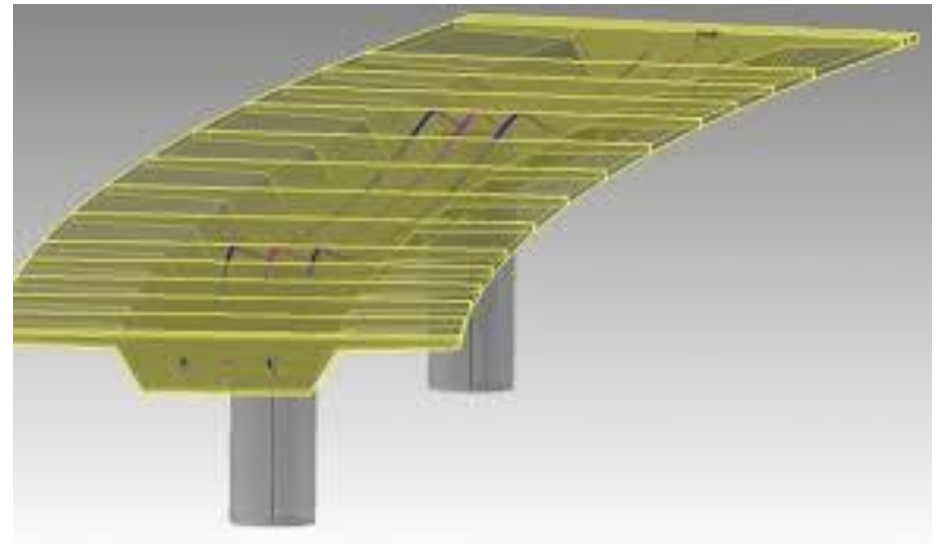
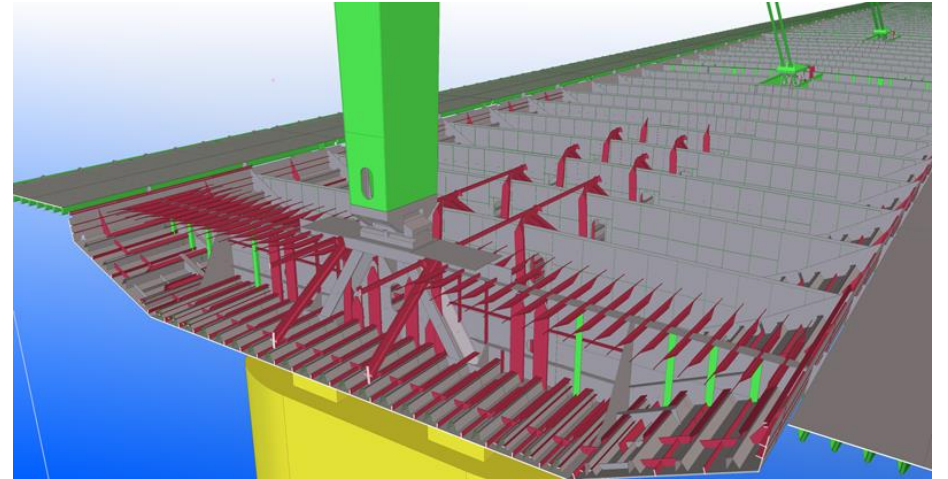
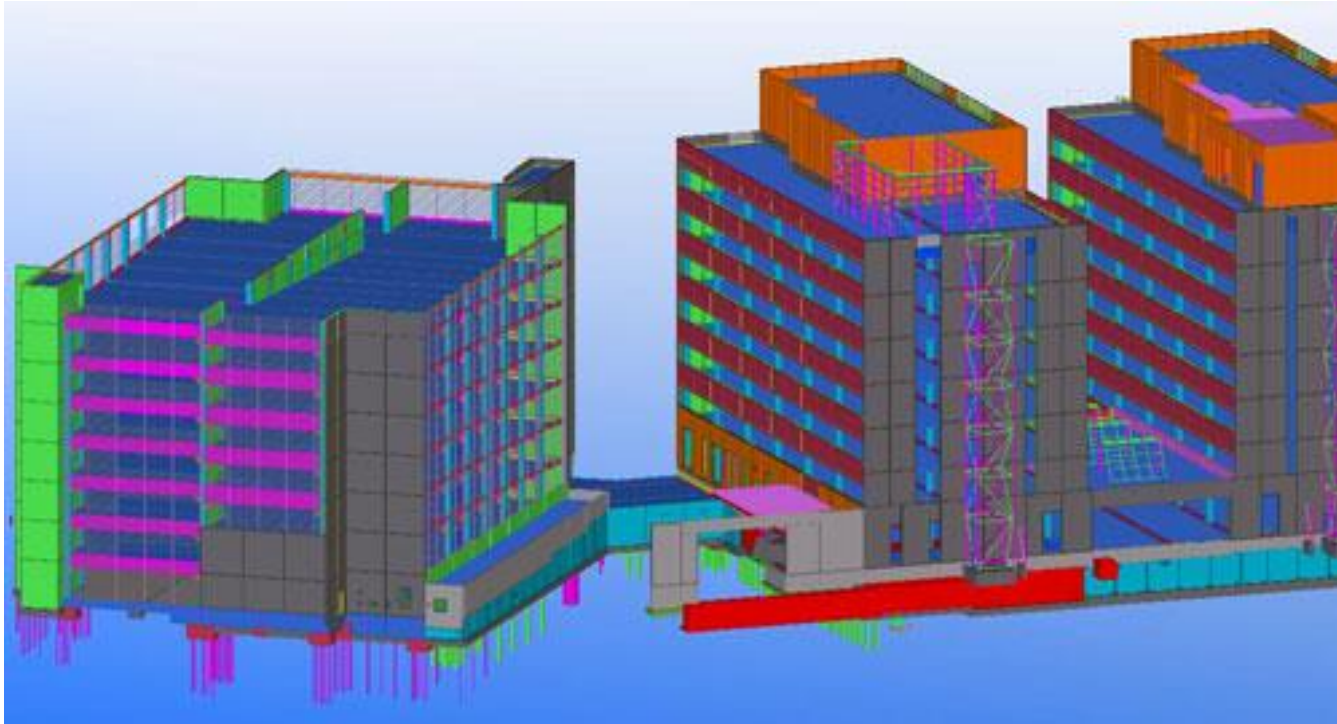
✓ BIM uses 3D models as tools

✓ BIM standardises mature and well defined process of project management

✓ BIM has a potential to achieve significant savings in time and money

Efficient integration of models, design tools and data to increase collaboration and efficiency

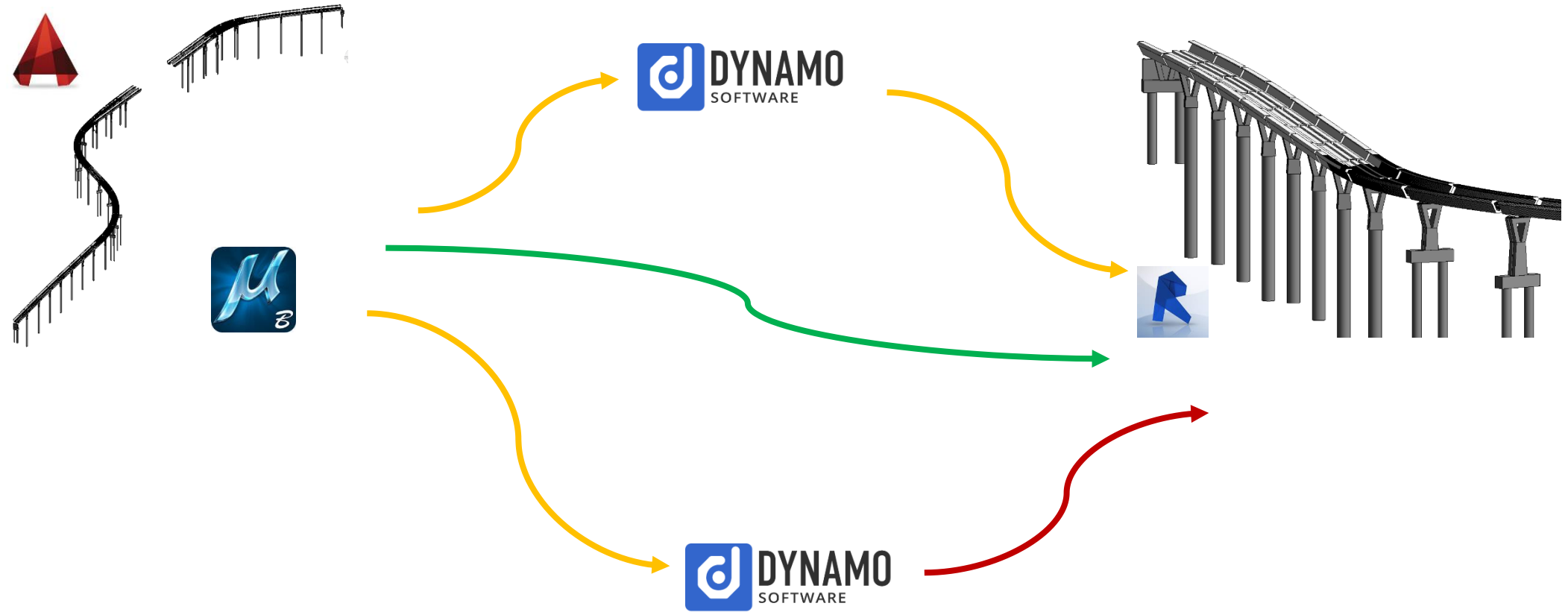
The Challenges



The Challenges

- Historic use of specialist software across disciplines
- Interoperability of software
 - Bridge
 - Rail
 - Highways
 - Geotechnical
- Difficulties handling geometrical variations over the length of linear alignment
- Tools maturity for infrastructure projects lower than buildings
- Reluctance of specialist disciplines to embrace new software

Alternative Software



Edmonton LRT, Canada

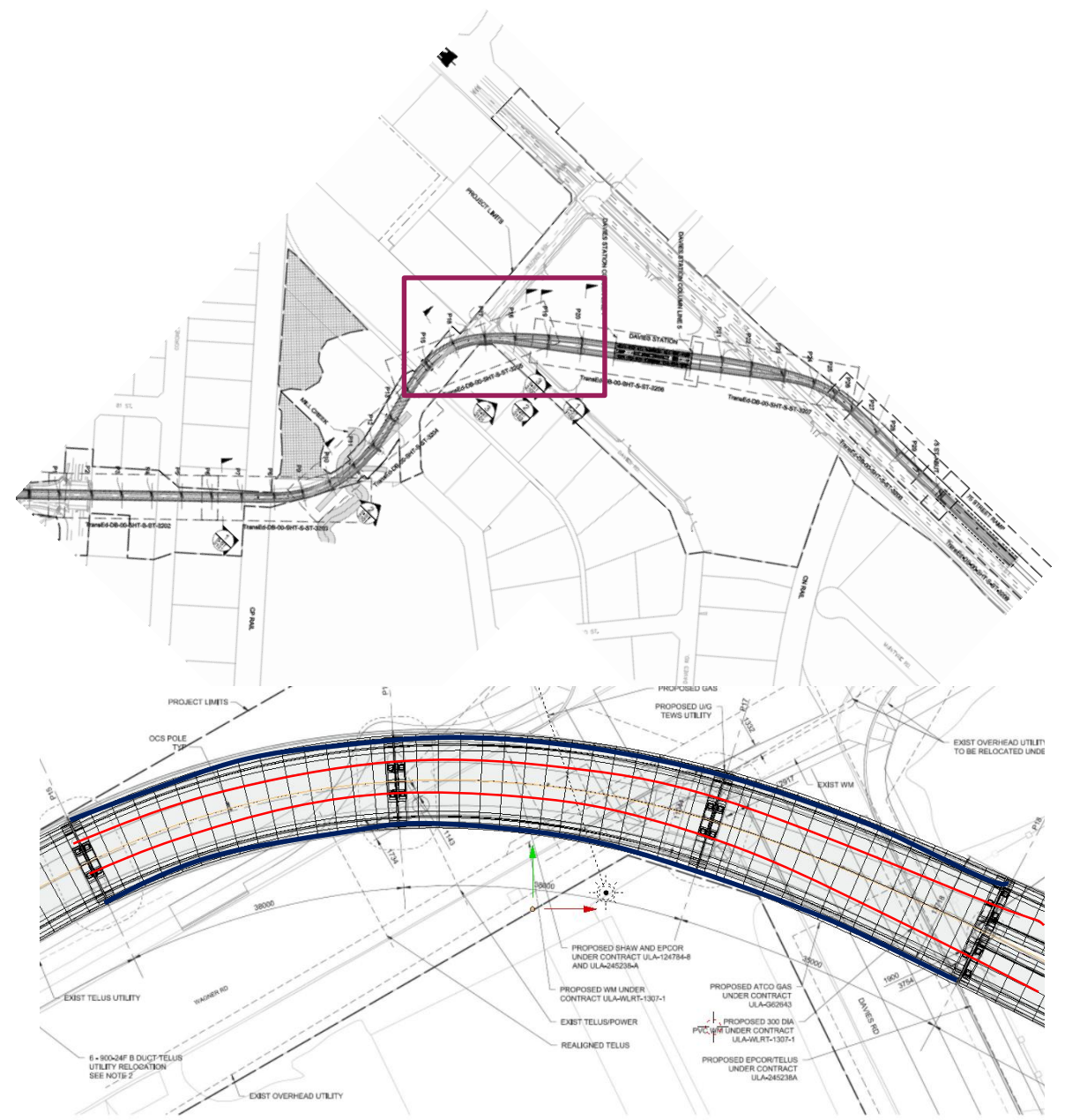
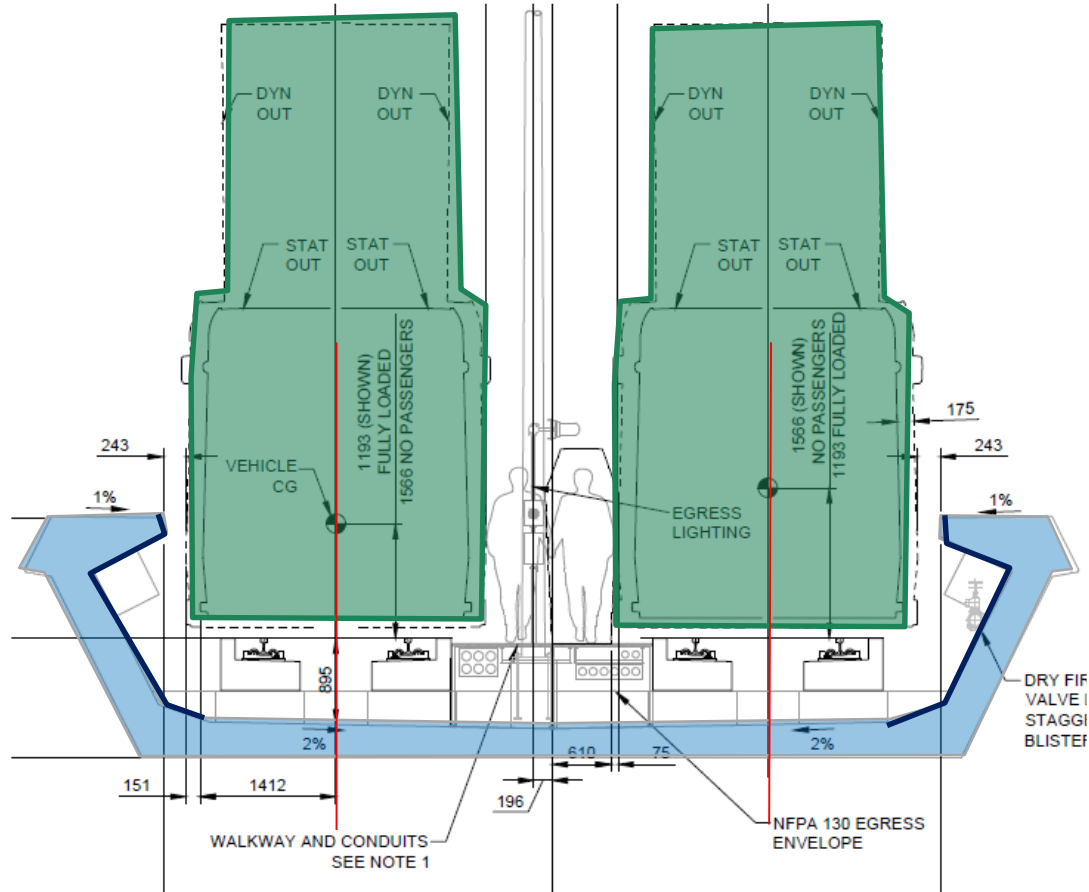


Edmonton Light Rail

- Over 1.3km of Elevated Guideway
- 38 no. Spans of varying geometry (length, width, radius)
- 36 no. Piers of varying height
- Complex rail alignment



Complex Geometry



Edmonton LRT. Davies Elevated Guideway

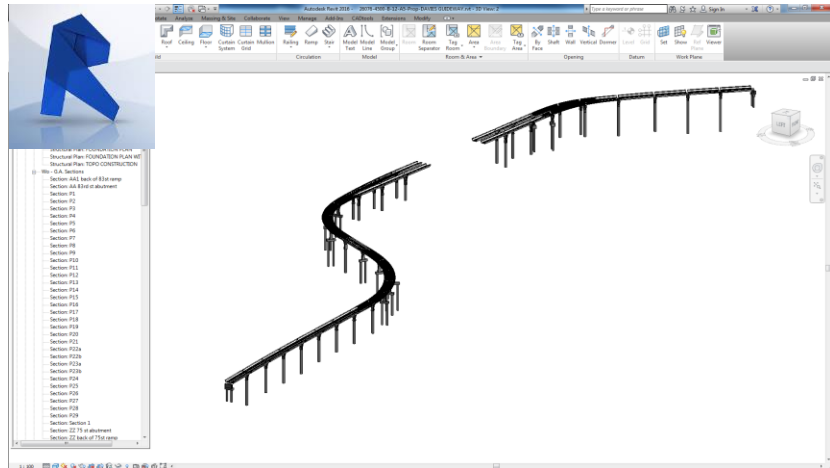
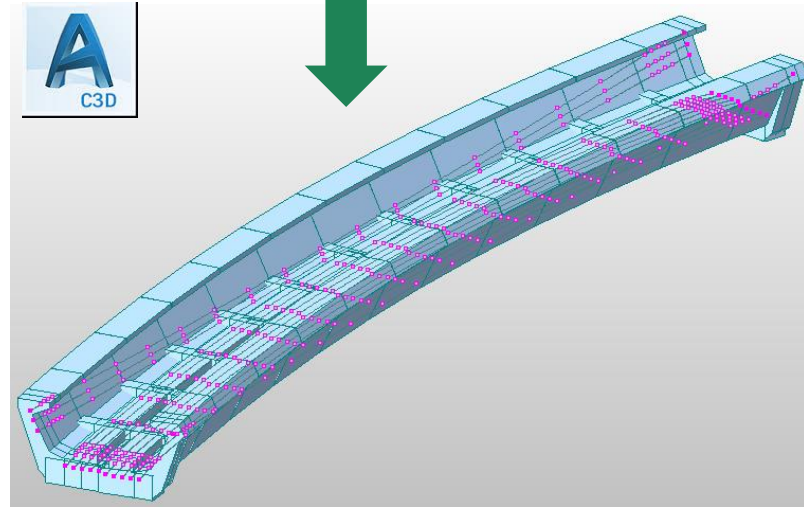
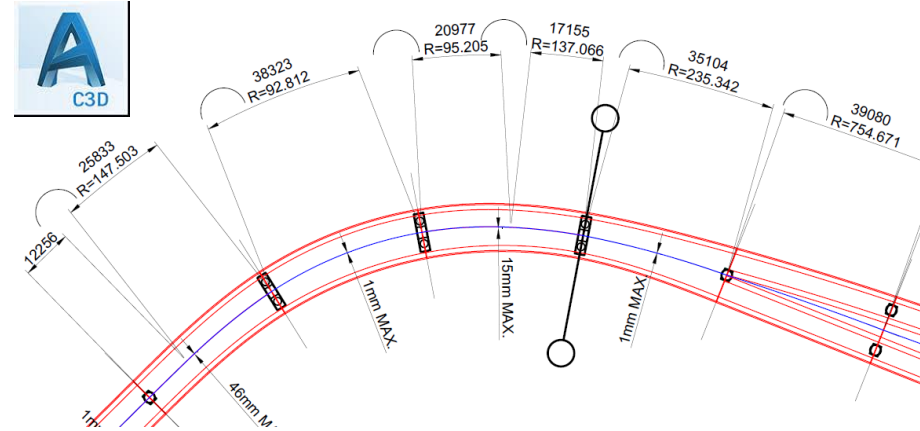
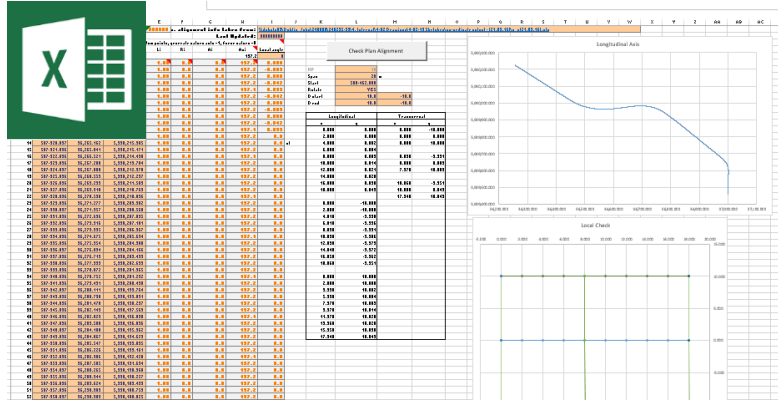
Challenges:

- Difficulties with parametric curved alignment
- Link between 3D Revit model and analysis model in Midas Civil

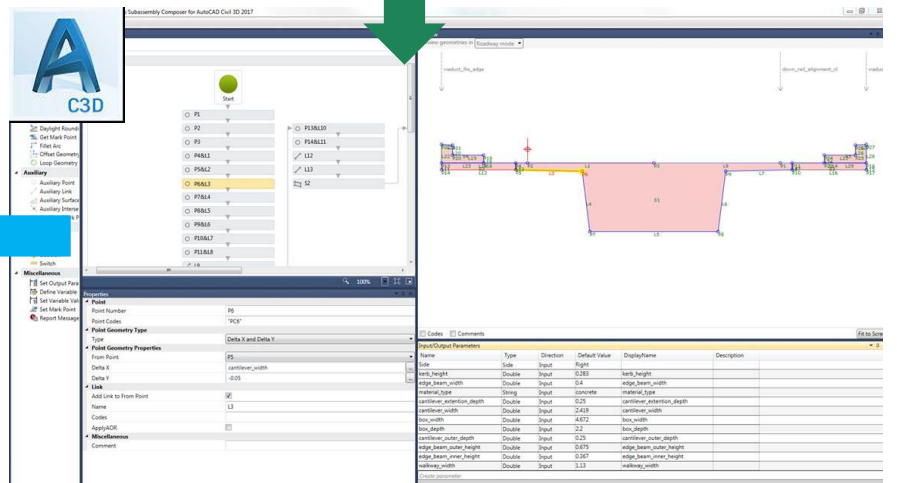
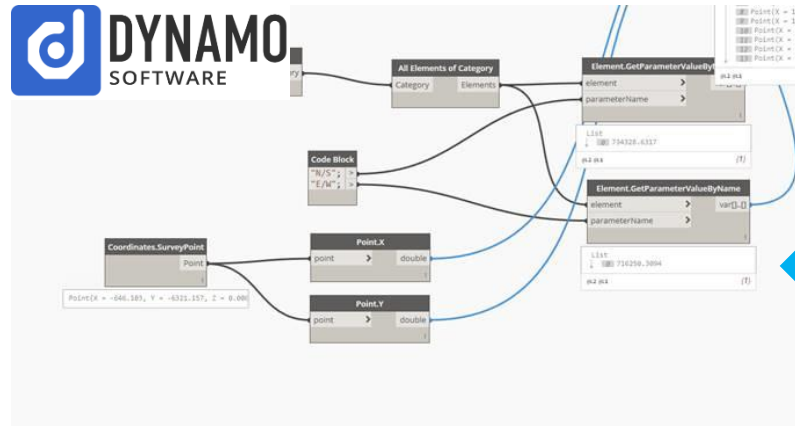
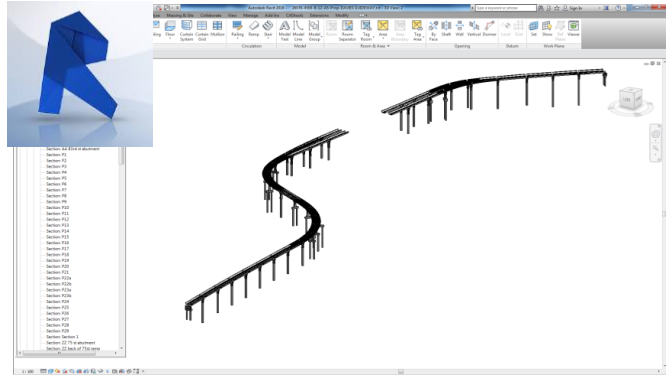
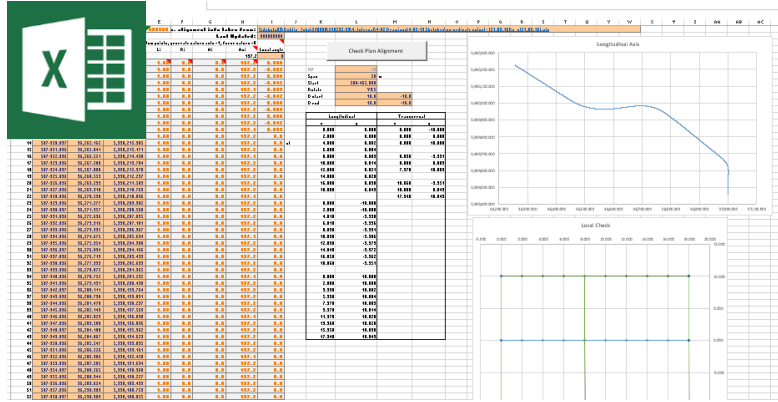
Approach:

- Set up model in C3D using rail envelope as input data.
- Set up a series of assemblies within C3D to model the deck form and run through corridor matching the rail alignment
- Import deck into Revit and link to Piers modelled parametrically with Revit Families
- Ground profiles set up within Revit to model foundation depths
- Import alignment control points Excel for Structural model Generation
- VBA coding to generate analysis model in Midas Civil

BIM Workflow

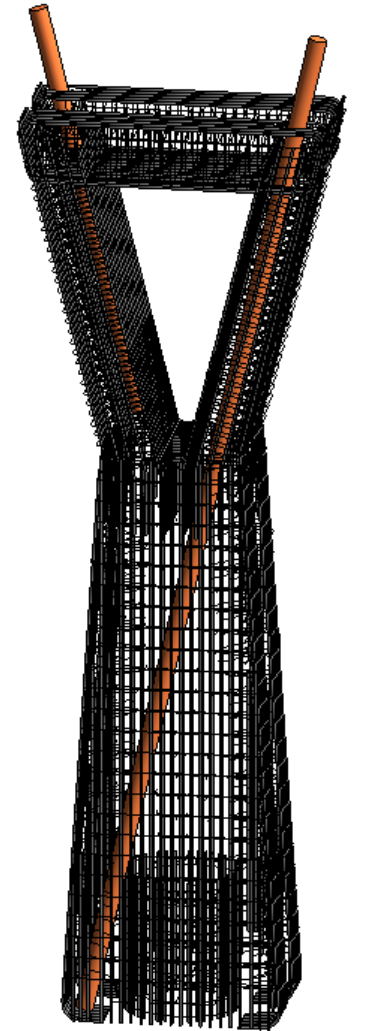
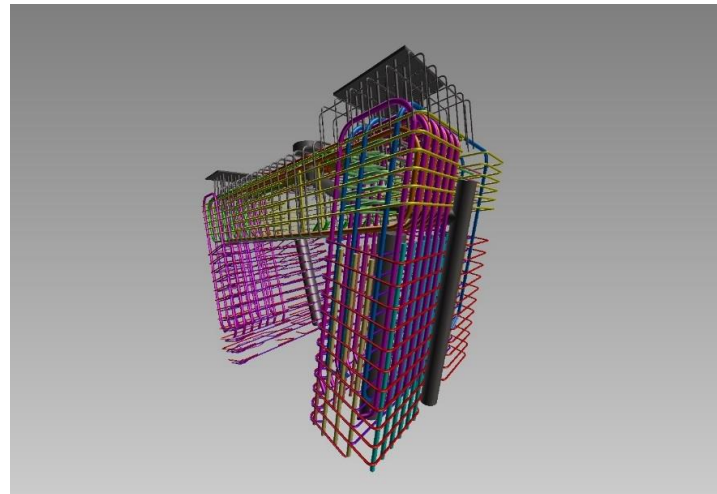
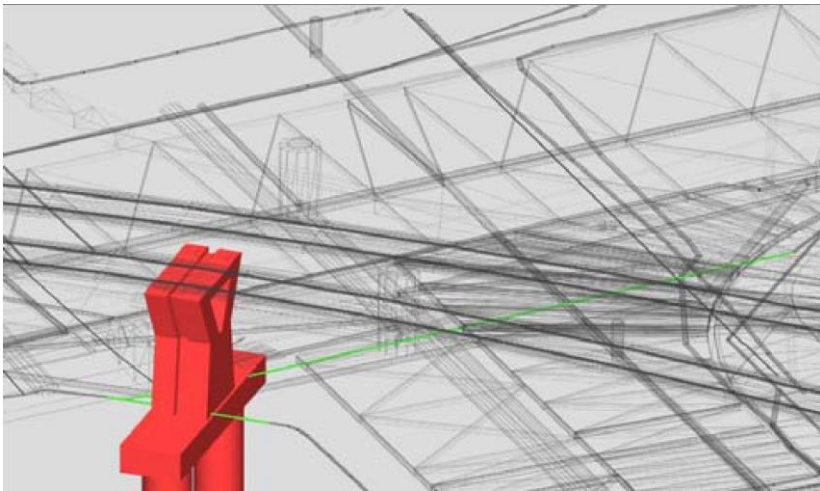


BIM Workflow

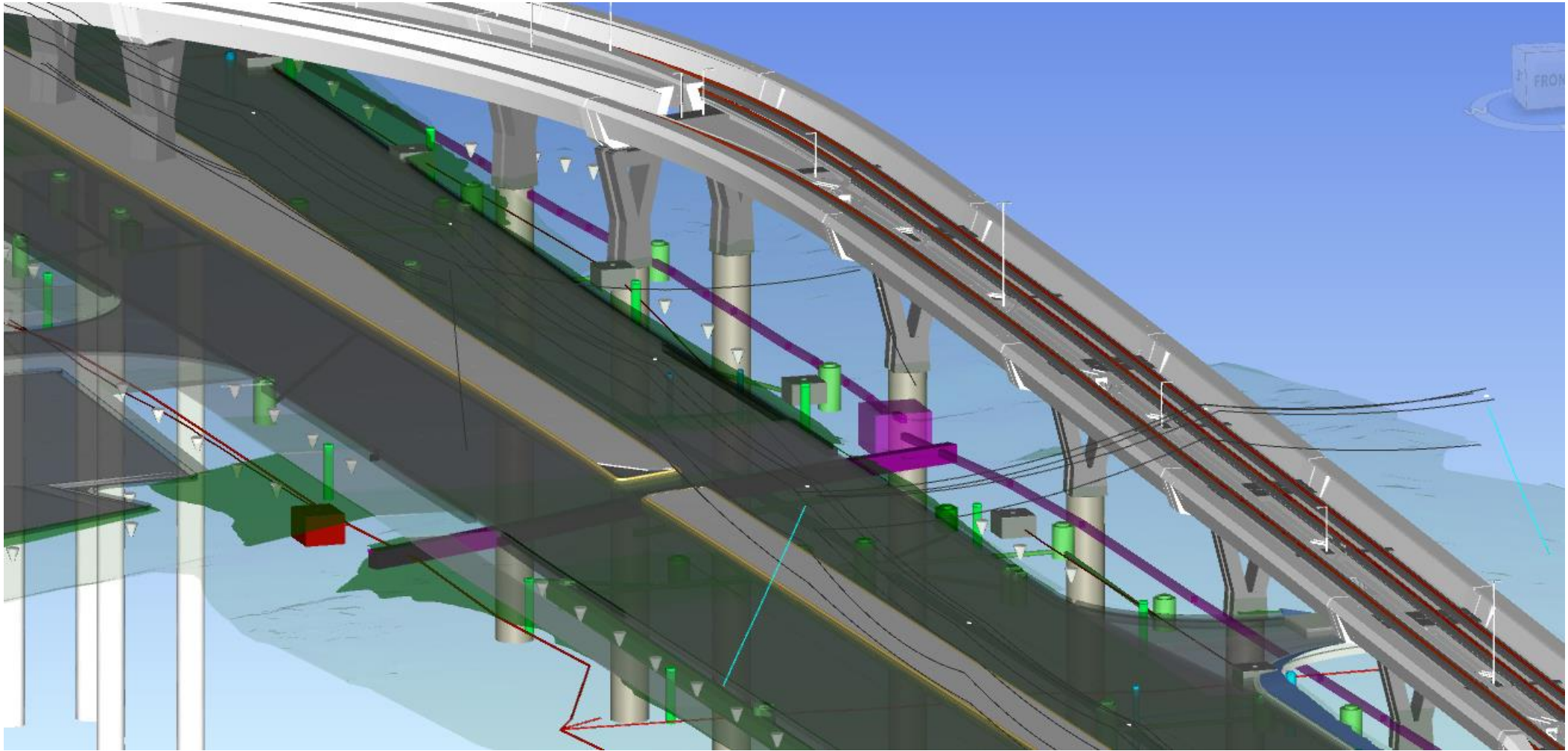


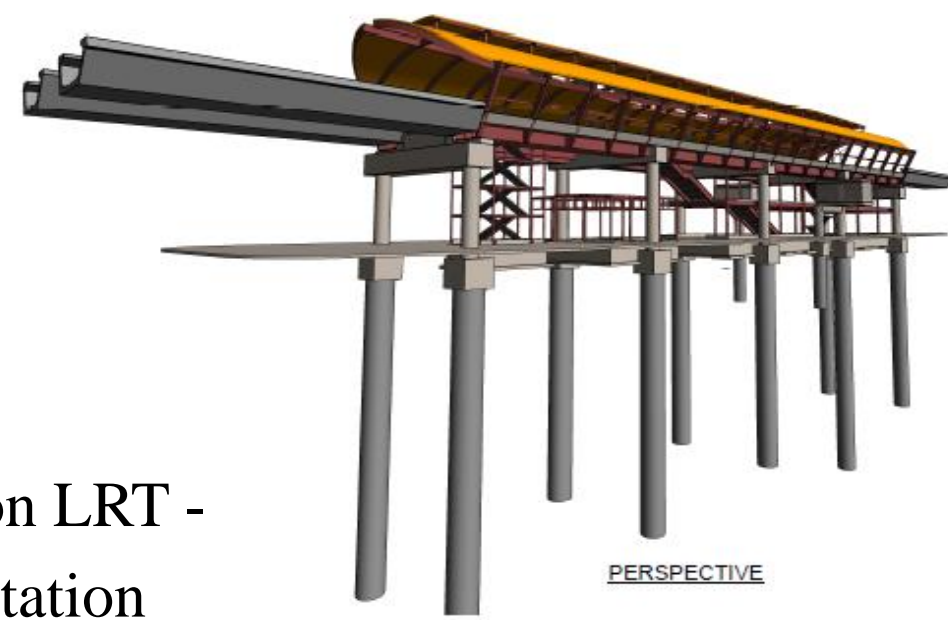
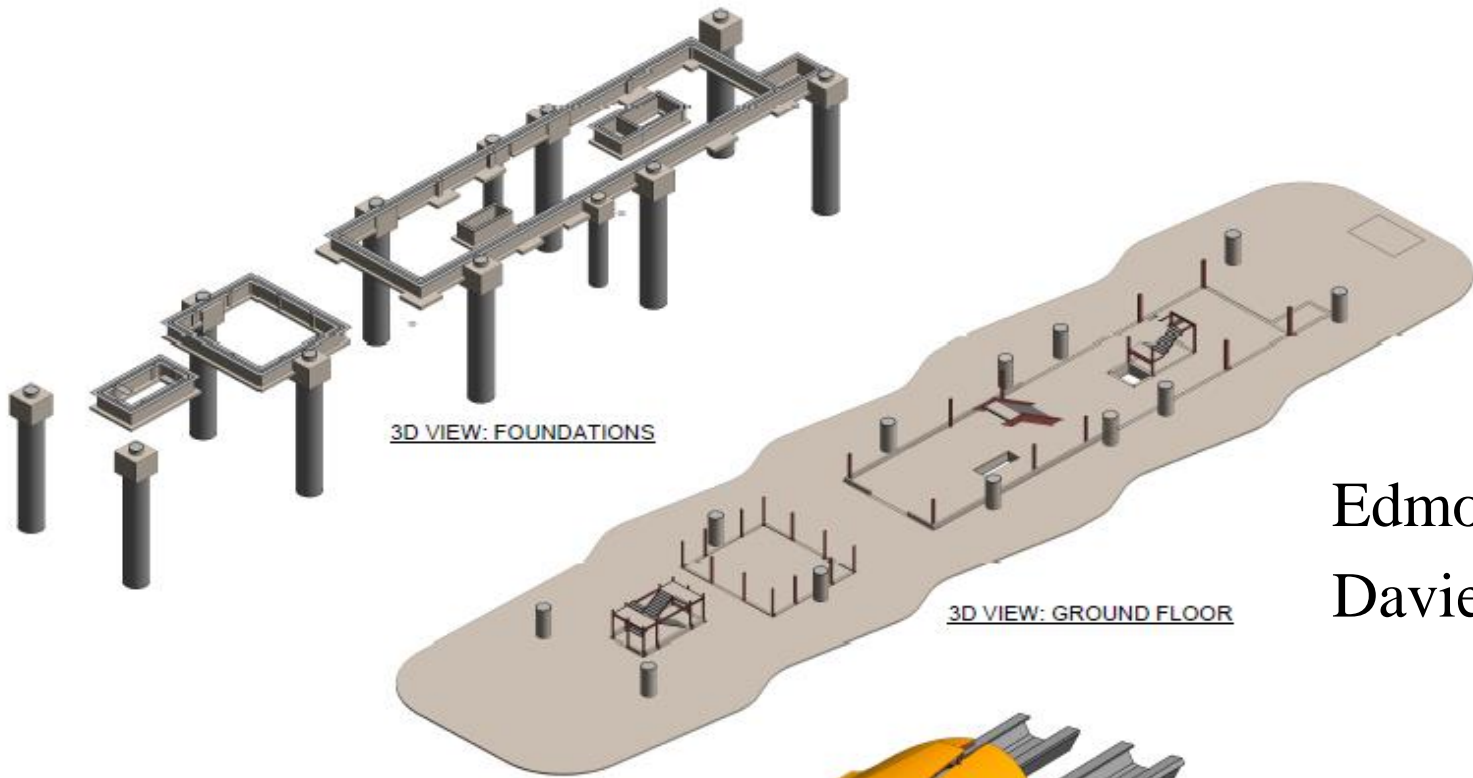
Modelling for Visualisations

- Designers get a better understanding of their design
- Design teams have a better understanding of all the project challenges
- Contractors should be able to build more efficiently using the model
- Clients can fully visualise the design development
- Clash detection capabilities allows early identification of constraints using Navisworks

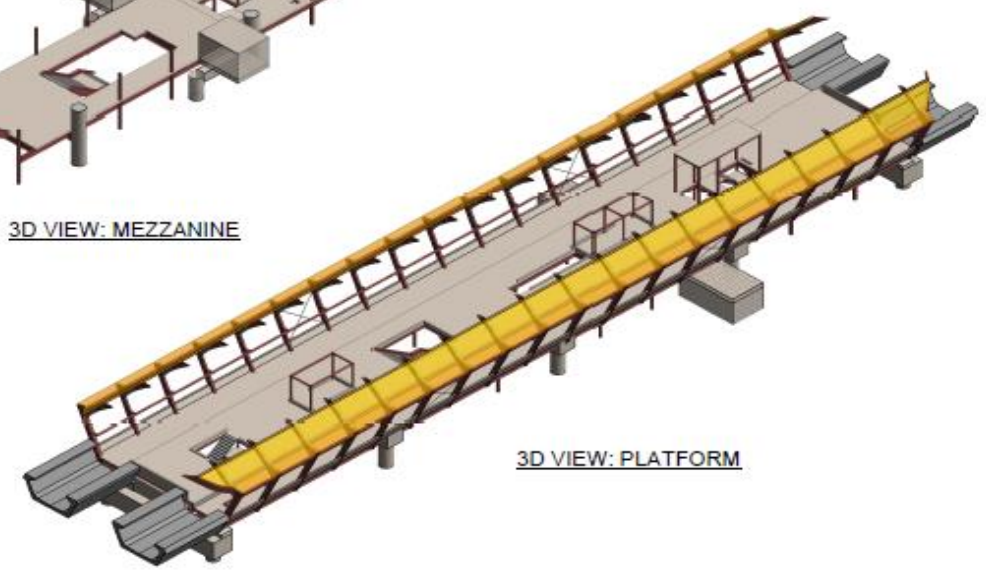
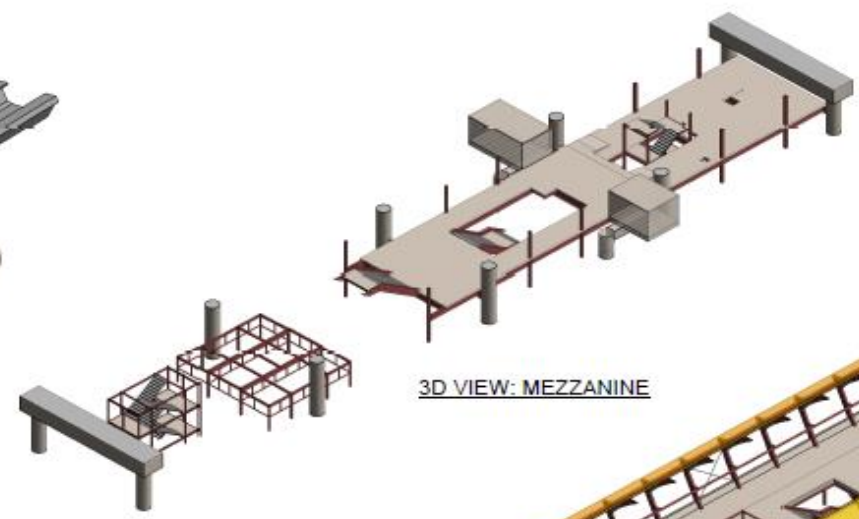
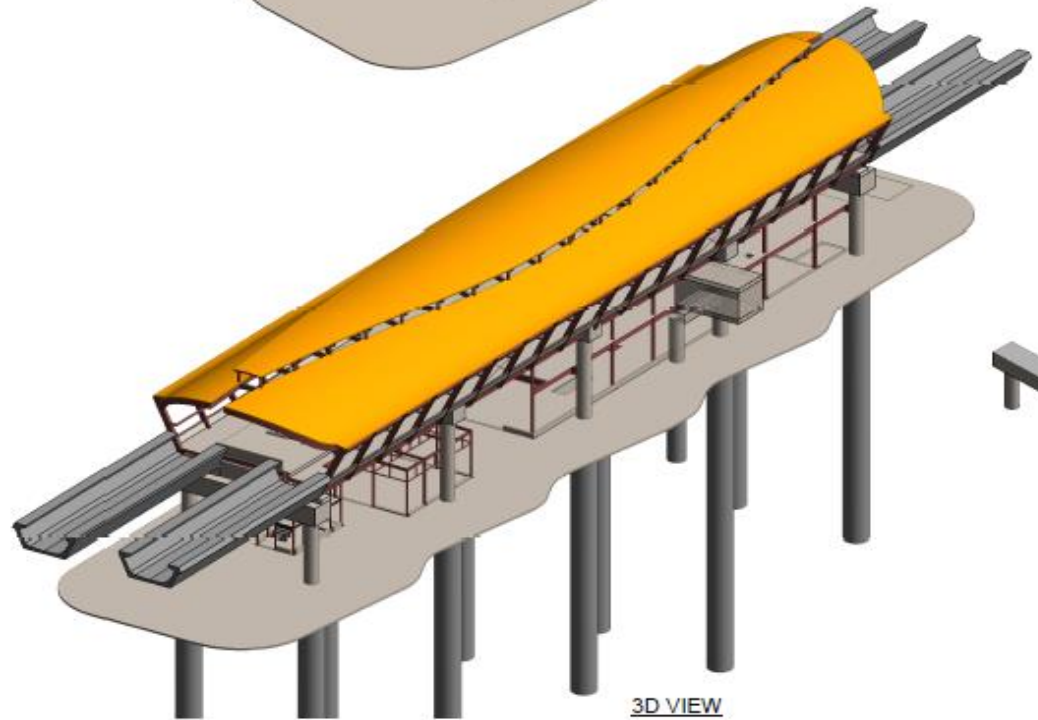


Clash Detection

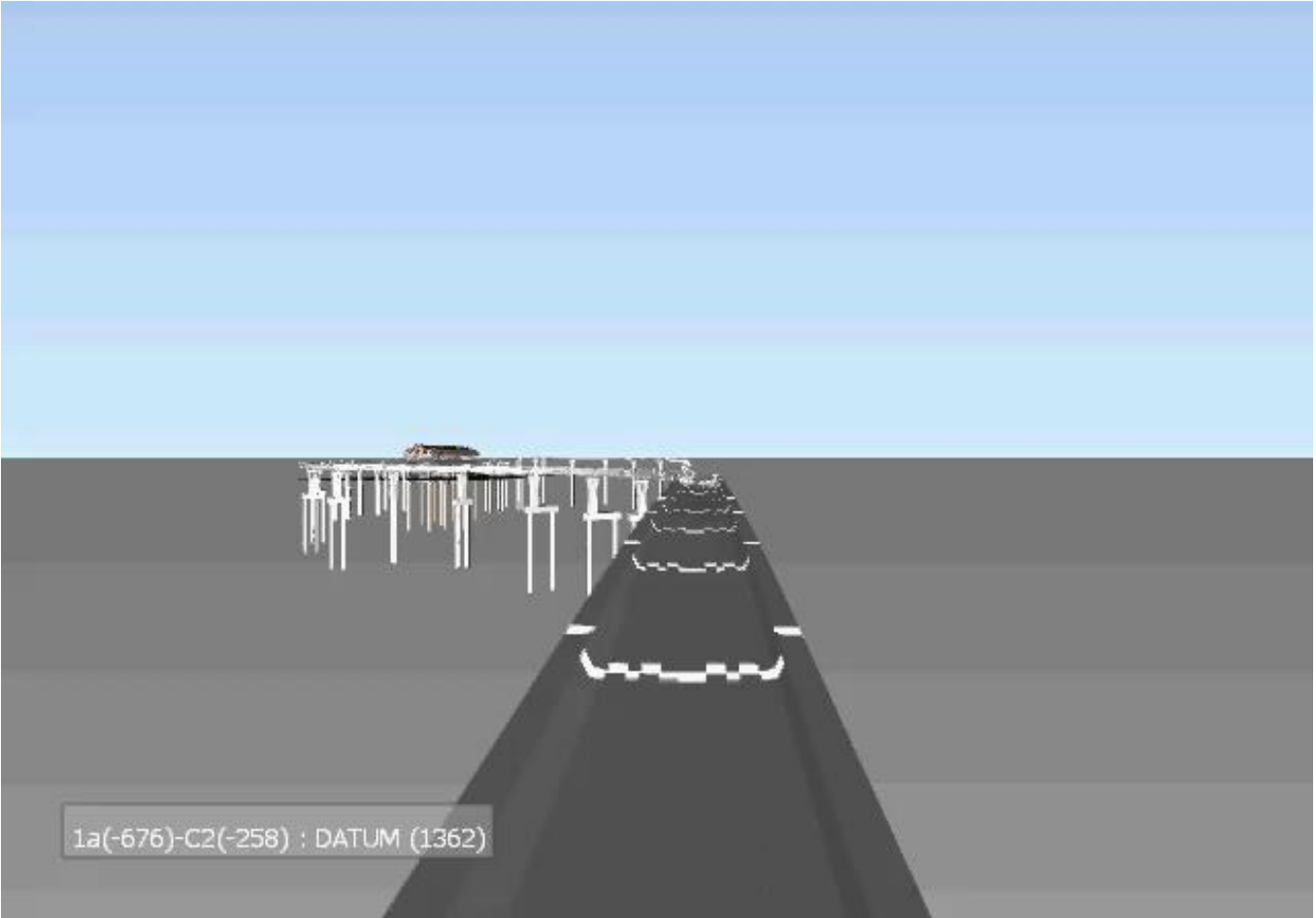




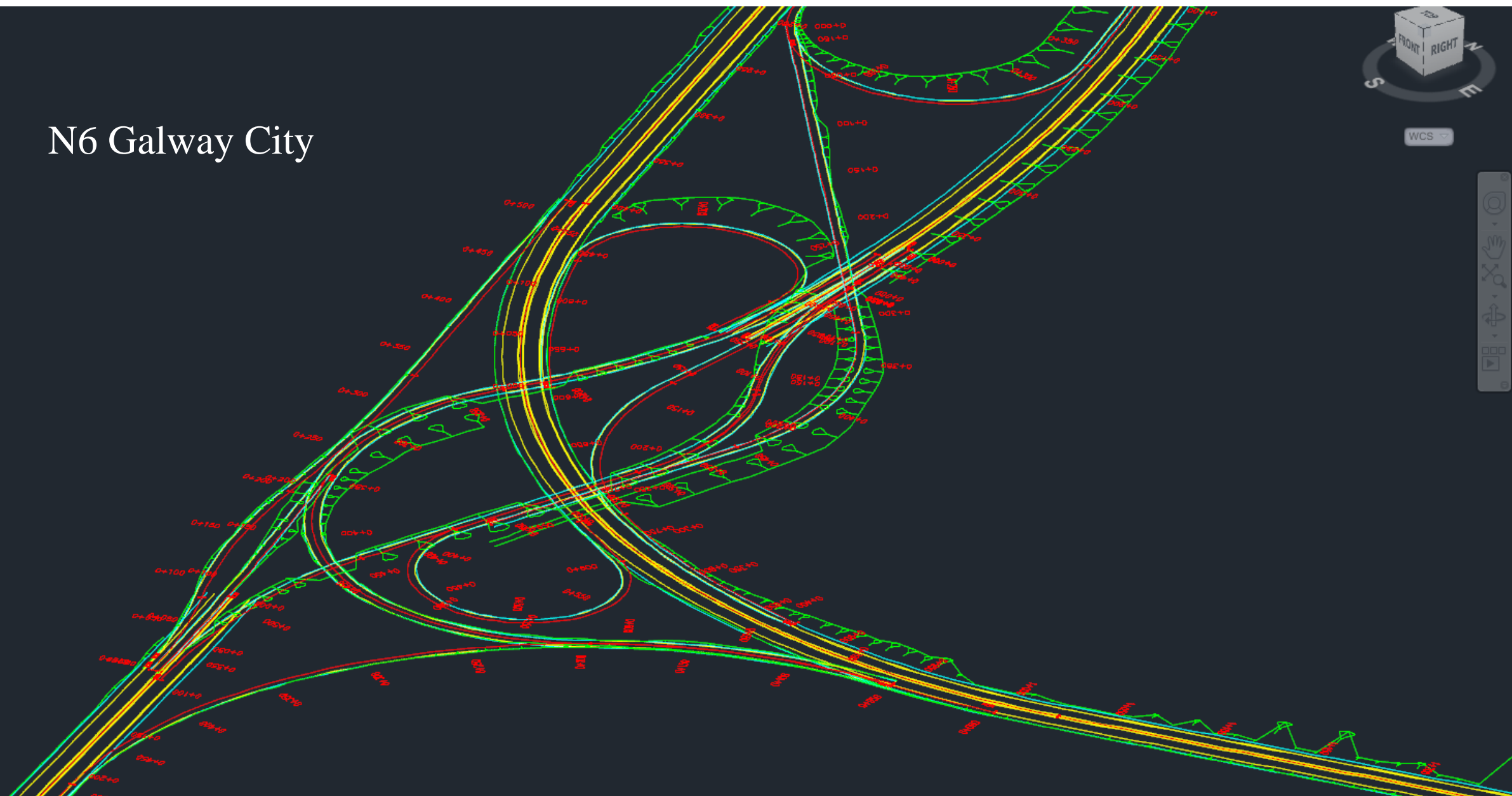
Edmonton LRT - Davies Station



Edmonton LRT. Davies Elevated Guideway

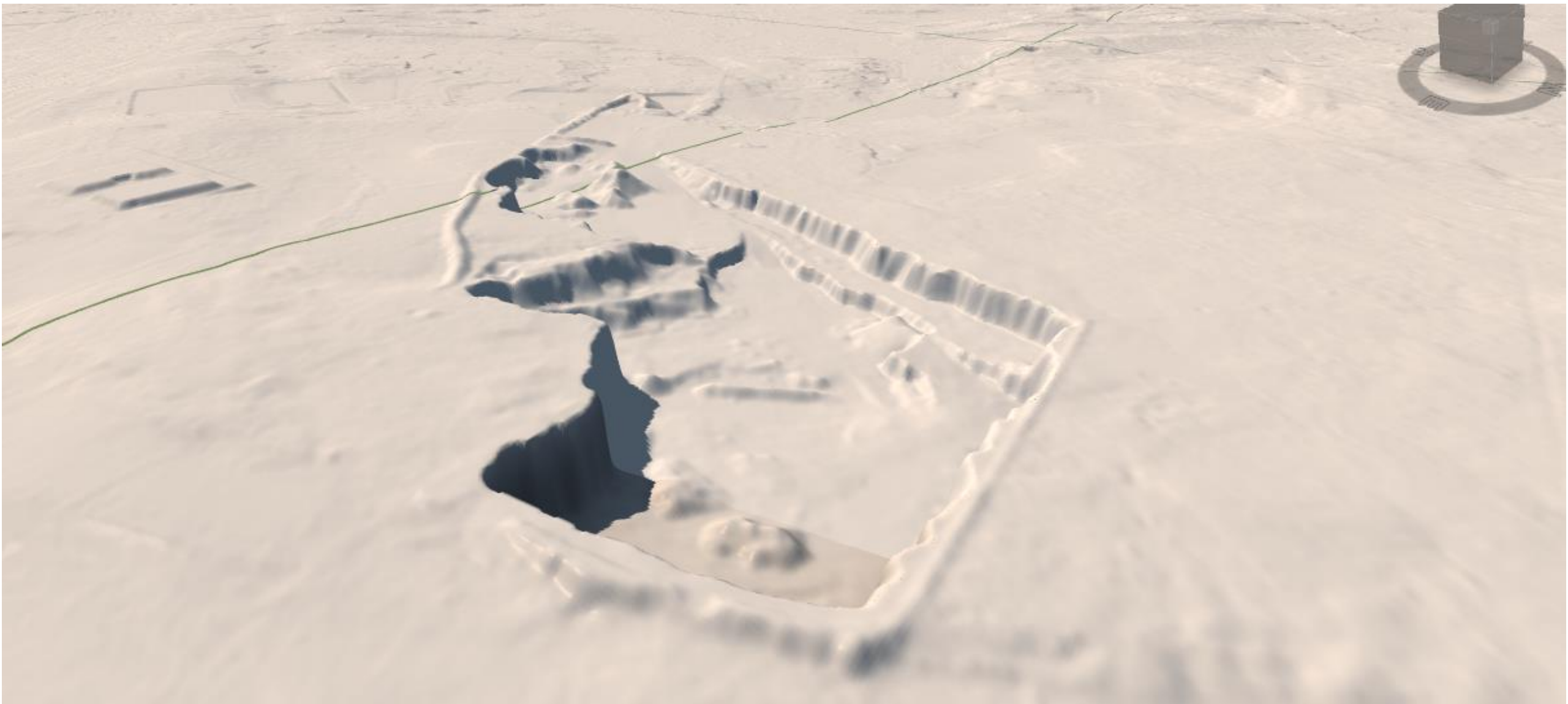


N6 Galway City



Galway City Transport Project

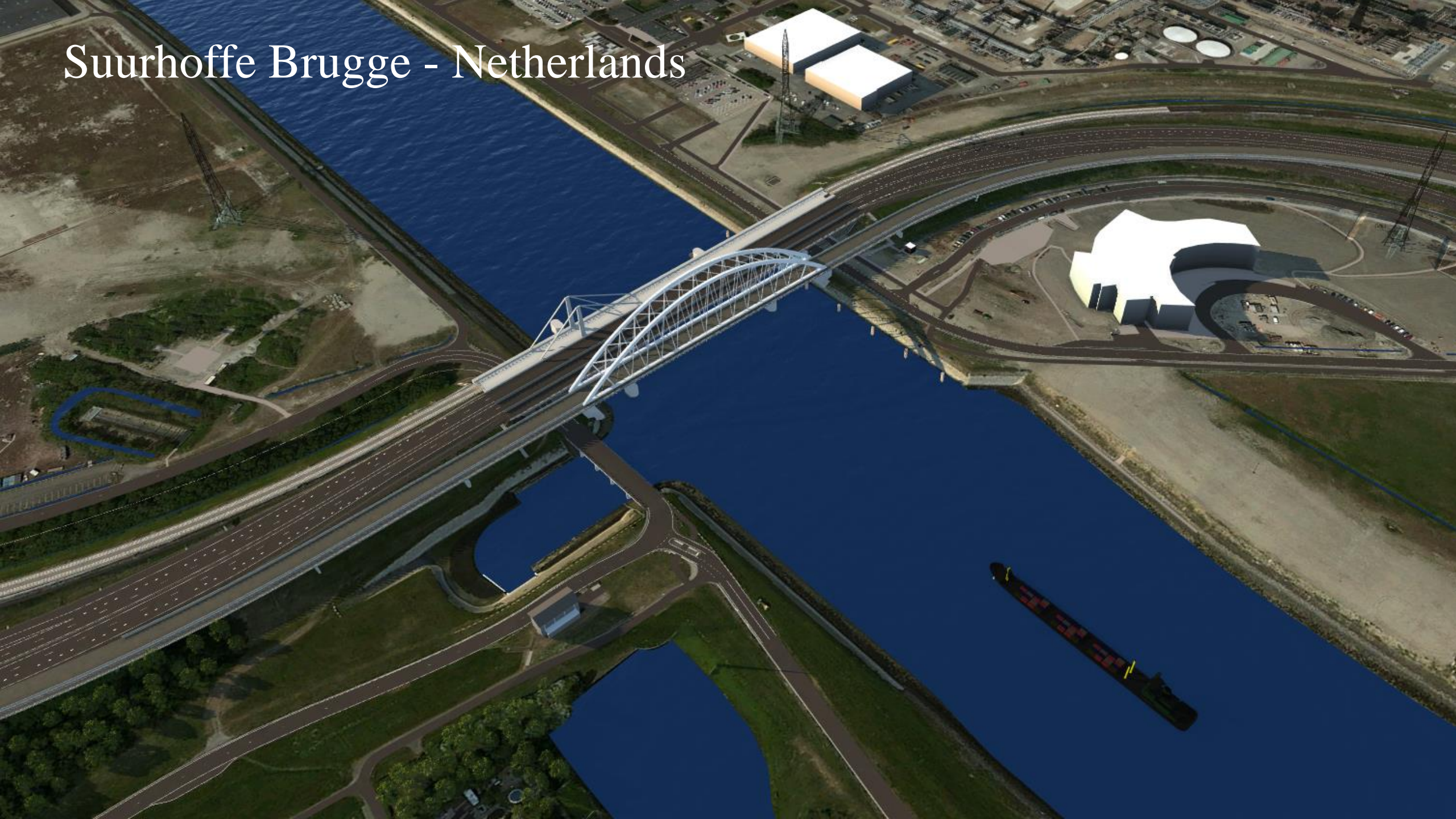




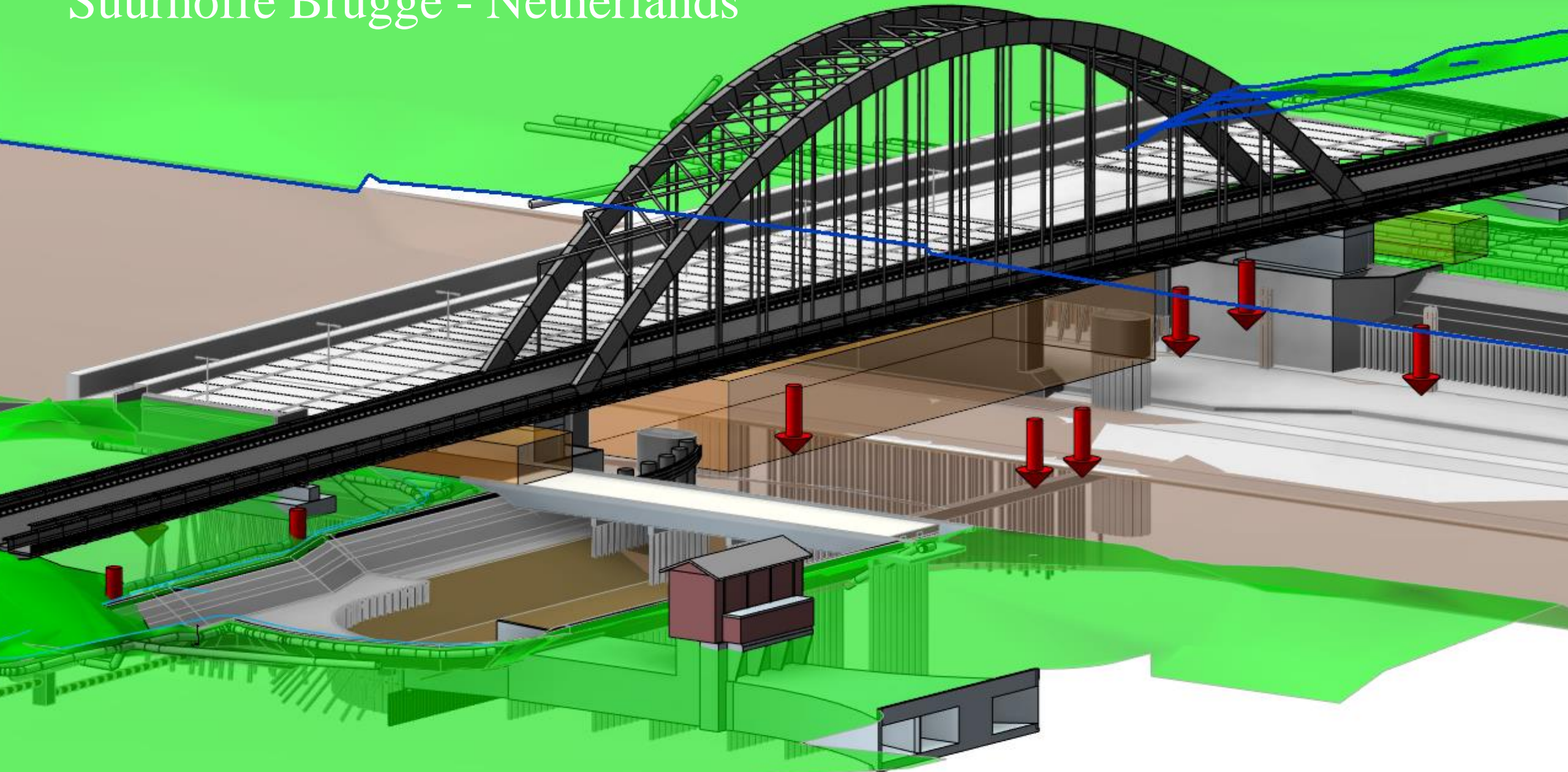




Suurhoffe Brugge - Netherlands



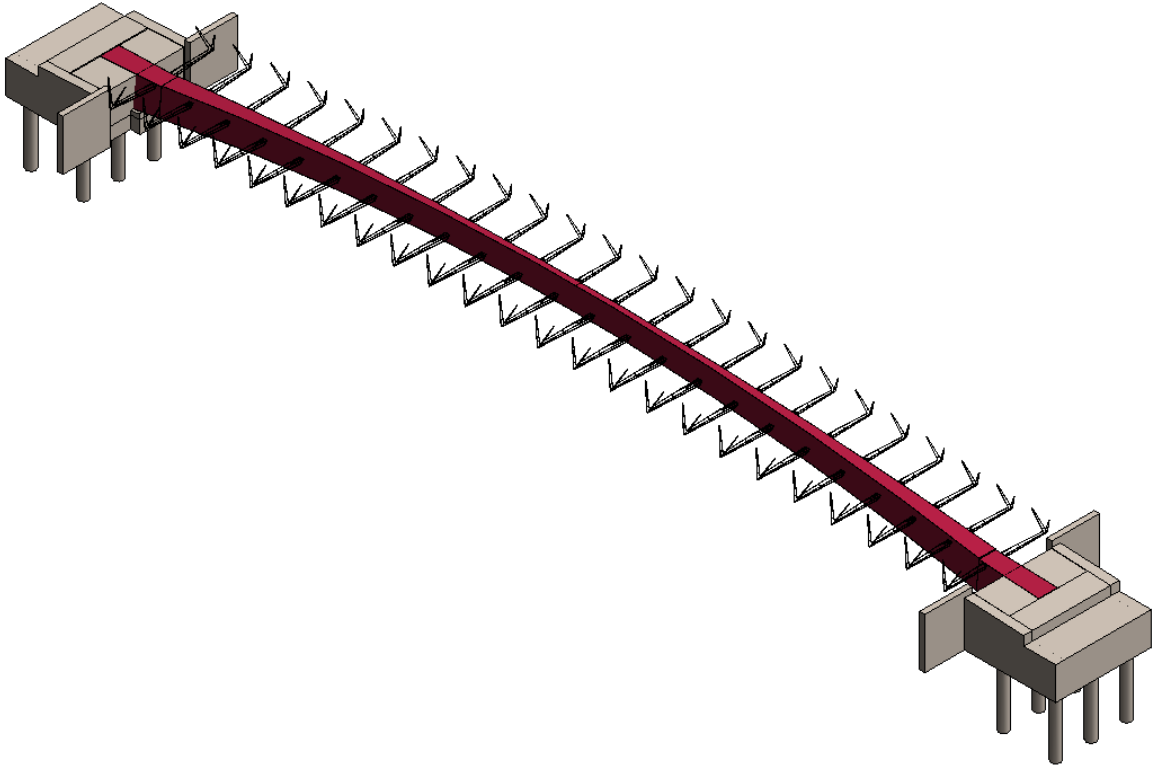
Suurhoffe Brugge - Netherlands



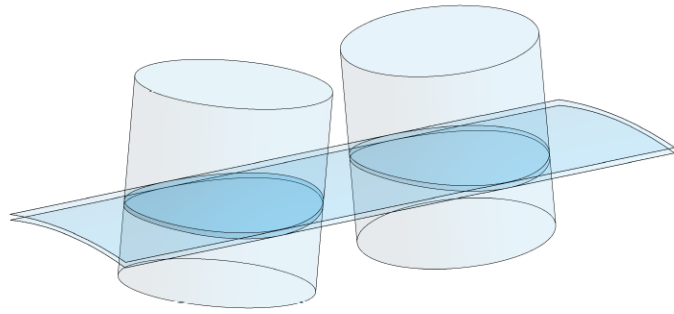
Harley's Street Bridge



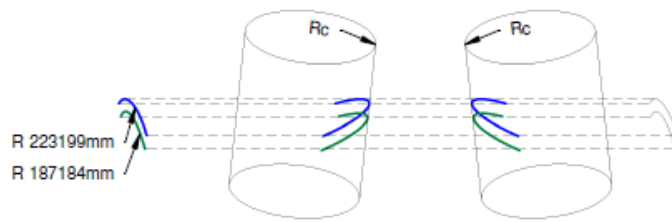
Harley's Street Bridge



Harley's Street Bridge

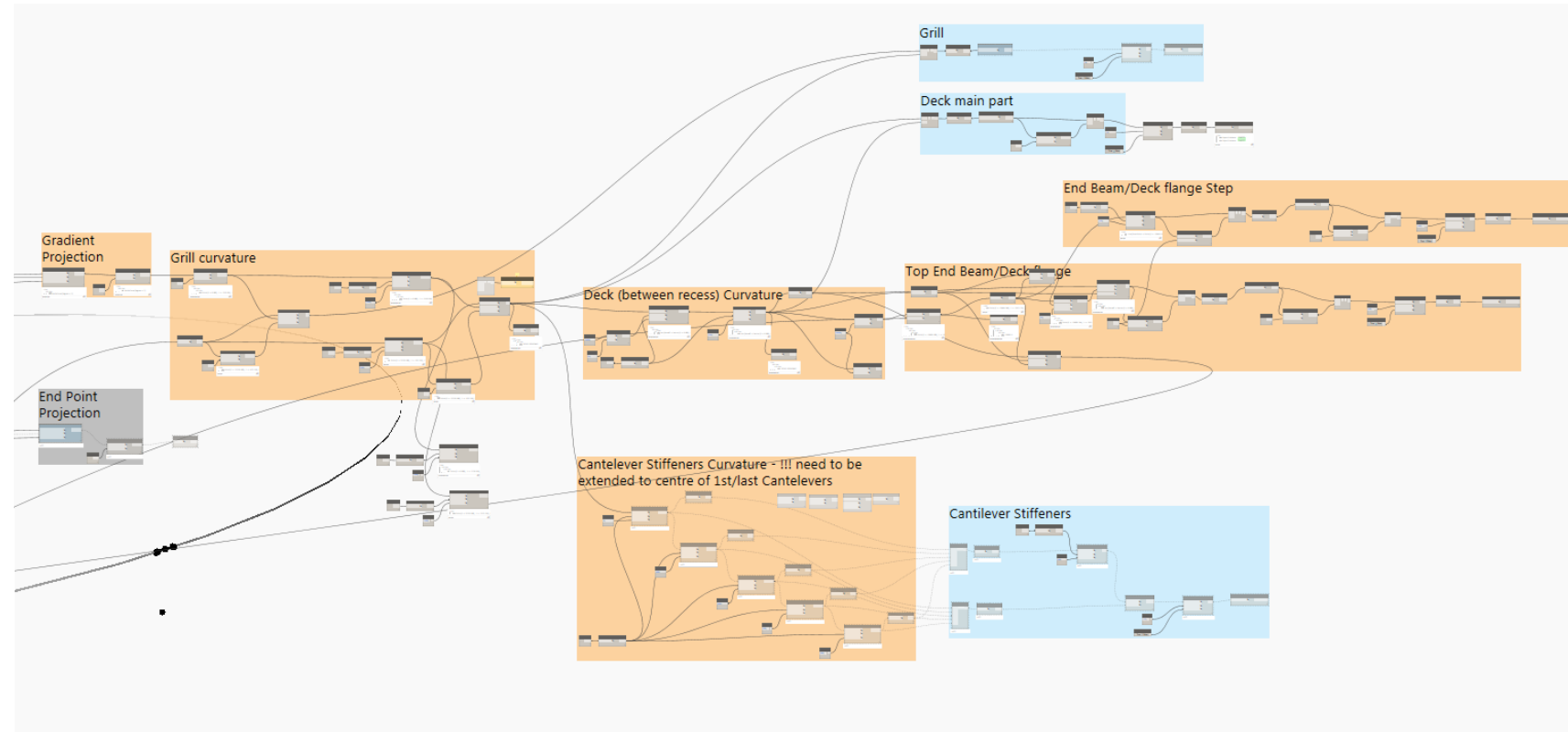


BEAM SETTING OUT



BEAM SETTING OUT

Scale 1 : 150



Morrison's Island Public Realm & Flood Defence Project

Where are we now and where do we need to get to

- Significant strides in 3D modelling and Analysis Capabilities
- Using robust workflows to integrate specialist disciplines/software into the overall deliverable
- Use of algorithm based tools such as Grasshopper and Dynamo to define the complex geometry and to create parametric links between alignment and 3D model files
- Staff Training – Need to be ambidextrous and be able to use multiple softwares
- Experimentation – There are ways around everything
- Client engagement – Clients starting to see the benefits and willing to invest in time to create data rich models



Thank you

ARUP

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rL7a4hvMVEE&feature=youtu.be>